

2025-2026

Anti-Bullying Anti-Violence Plan

Eardley Elementary School School: CAROLE

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Governing Board Chair's Signature :	







ANTI-BULLYING ANTI-VIOLENCE PLAN

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DEFINITIONS

Bullying

The word "bullying" means any repeated direct or indirect behaviour, comment, act or gesture, whether deliberate or not, including in cyberspace, which occurs in a context where there is a power imbalance between the persons concerned and which causes distress and injures, hurts, oppresses, intimidates or ostracizes.

Bill 56: An Act to Prevent and Stop Bullying and Violence in Schools

Violence

The word "violence" means any intentional demonstration of verbal, written, physical, psychological or sexual force which causes distress and injures, hurts or oppresses a person by attacking their psychological or physical integrity or well-being, or their rights or

Bill 56: An Act to Prevent and Stop Bullying and Violence in Schools

Sexual Violence

The concept of sexual violence as used in the Integrated Violence Strategy includes reference to issues of sexual assault, sexual exploitation and sexual harassment, including their various manifestations. Anchored in a dynamic of power imbalance, exposing victims to multiple consequences and violating fundamental rights. Contrer la violence sexuelle, la violence conjugale et Rebâtir la confiance - Stratégie gouvernementale intégrée 2022-2027 (quebec.ca)

Racism

"Racism corresponds to the "set of ideas, attitudes and actions whose purpose is to make ethnocultural and national groups feel inferior socially, economically, culturally and politically, thereby preventing them from benefitting fully from the advantages to which all citizens are entitled." Racist discourse is usually based on real or presumed physical and cultural differences." (MIDI, 2015)

Discrimination

"Every person has a right to full and equal recognition and exercise of his human rights and freedoms, without distinction, exclusion or preference based on race, colour, sex, gender identity or expression, pregnancy, sexual orientation, civil status, age except as provided by law, religion, political convictions, language, ethnic or national origin, social condition, a handicap or the use of any means to palliate a handicap. Discrimination exists where such a distinction, exclusion or preference has the effect of nullifying or impairing such right." (Charter of Human Rights and Freedoms, section 10).





ELEMENTS OF THE ABAV PLAN

Element 1	An analysis of the situation prevailing at the school with respect to bullying and violence;
Element 2	Prevention measures to put an end to all forms of bullying and violence, in particular those motivated by racism or homophobia or targeting sexual orientation, sexual identity, a handicap or a physical characteristic;
Element 3	Measures to encourage parents to collaborate in preventing and stopping bullying and violence and in creating a healthy and secure learning environment;
Element 4	Procedures of reporting, or registering a complaint concerning, an act of bullying or violence to or with the institution and, more particularly, procedures for reporting the use of social media or communication technologies for cyberbullying purposes;
Element 5	The actions to be taken when a student, teacher or other school staff member or any other person observes an act of bullying or violence or when a report or when a report or complaint is sent to the institution by the regional student ombudsman;
Element 6	Measures to protect the confidentiality of any report or complaint concerning an act of bullying or violence;
Element 7	Supervisory or support measures for any student who is a victim or bullying or violence, for witnesses and for perpetrator, (and bystander);
Element 8	Specific disciplinary sanctions for acts of bullying or violence, according to their severity or repetitive nature, and;
Element 9	The required follow-up on any report or complaint concerning an act of bullying or violence;





ANALYSIS OF THE SITUATION PREVAILING AT THE SCHOOL WITH RESPECT TO BULLYING AND VOILENCE

School Portrait

School's socio-economic index:	[6
Student population:	[329
Other pertinent information:	Students with IEP's: 108 Students in the French Immersion Program: 192 (May 30, 2025) Students in the English Program: 99 (May 30, 2025)

Analysis

An analysis of the situation prevailing at the school with respect to bullying and violence is conducted each year by using the following indicators:

- Review and analysis of related to bullying and /or violence;
- Data Results

Students with a positive sense of belonging

72% of students at Eardley have a positive sense of belonging. This is lower than the average throughout the school board.

Bullying and Exclusion

30% of students have reported being bullied on the Students Voice Survey. This is higher than the average for the school board. Appearance and "Other Reason" were the two categories that were provided as the most common reason for being bullied with 10 and 22 students reporting in each category. Through classroom discussion with students after the survey to identify what "other reasons" meant, students mentioned "liking things or doing/playing something that others don't" as a potential reason.





Other

In terms of school climate and engagement, students identified wanting more sporting and club opportunities for grades 3, 4 and 5. They also identified swearing as a concern but that this is not something that is done around teachers and not something frequently reported to adults.

Priorities

- 1. Share results with students and meet with students to gain a better understanding of what they are reporting.
- 2. Adjust practices based on results of the meeting, if necessary.
- 3. Focus on communication and the way students speak to each other.
- Create more opportunities for students in grades 3, 4 and 5.

Element 2 PREVENTION MEASURES

To address the area(s) of concern, the following preventative measures aimed at putting an end to all forms of bullying and violence; in particular those motivated by racism or homophobia or targeting sexual orientation, sexual identity, a handicap or a physical characteristic include:

- 1 -Clear reporting practices to identify situations. 2 -Educational work with students as a whole school population, classroom community, those identified as a victim and those identified as a bully.
- 3 -Presentations provided by board personnel and outside partners.
- 4 -School initiatives, events, celebrations, announcements, assemblies, etc.
- 5-CCQ Curriculum content.
- 6 -Sharing terminology with all stakeholders to ensure consistent language when discussing/reporting incidents.
- 7 -Promotion through posters, flags, classroom materials.
- 8 -Clear expectations for respectful communication.









Meet with students to gain a better understanding of what and where the problems occur.

10 -Monday morning meetings to be done by every homeroom with targeted topics.

Element 3

MEASURES FOR PARENT/GUARDIAN COLLABORATION

The success of this plan depends on the understanding and support of all of our stakeholders. School administrators and staff play a key role in developing programs and strategies to improve daily school Students also have a responsibility to promote and support positive behaviours. Parents/Guardians are equally important and necessary partners in this initiative. Parents/Guardians are encouraged to be active advocates for their children and to be aware of changes in their behaviours and to contact the school when behaviours at home become a concern.

The following measures are aimed at encouraging parents/guardians to collaborate in preventing and stopping bullying and violence and in creating a healthy and secure environment.

- 1. The School's Code of Conduct will be communicated with the parents/guardians (agenda, curriculum night, bulletins/memos, and/or on school website).
- 2. The ABAV Plan will be made available to parents.
- Ongoing communication between principal and / or their designate and parents/guardians of children who are being bullied and those who are engaging in bullying behaviours until the resolution of the situation. Periodic communication with students who are bullied and their parent(s) to ensure that measures taken have been successful and the bullying has ceased.

4. Consultation with our Governing Board





PROCEDURES FOR REPORTING

The school will take the necessary measures to ensure confidentiality for all parties.

An incident of bullying and/or violence can be reported verbally (in person or by phone) or in writing (by email or by letter addressed to school administration). Students who wish to write a note to report an incident are encouraged to include their name for follow up.

Staff members who receive a report must document the information and submit the information to administration for follow up.

When parents/guardians have been informed about a bullying situation or an act of violence, they are expected to communicate with the school principal, an alternate administrator or the classroom teacher. The report-will be documented. Following the investigation, the parent/guardian should be contacted and advised that the situation has been investigated and appropriate action has been taken. Details are divulged so as to maintain confidentiality.

It is possible to make a report or file a complaint concerning an act of bullying, violence or sexual violence to or with the regional student ombudsman and, for a person who is dissatisfied with the follow-up on a complaint filed with the institution, to use the complaint processing procedure provided for in the Act respecting the National Student Ombudsman (2022, chapter 17).









Eardley Elementary School is committed to providing a safe, caring and positive climate. Adult indifference is not-tolerated. School personnel must-report and/or investigate all incidents of bullying and take appropriate action whether they personally observe incidents or learn of them by some other means. Reporting investigating and action must occur even if the victim does not file a formal complaint or does not express overt disapproval of the incident.

This *Intervention Protocol* establishes practices and procedures for observed and reported incidents of bullying and/or violence.

For purposes of this Protocol, "Conduct" may include:

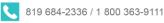
- Physical acts, such as inappropriate, unwanted, uninvited, or injurious physical contact with another; stalking; sexual assault; and destruction or damage to property of another;
- Written and electronic communication of any type that incorporates language or depictions
 that would constitute bullying, using any medium (including, but not limited to, cell phones,
 computers, websites, electronic networks, instant message, text messages and emails);
- Verbal threats made to another, including blackmail, extortion or demands for protection money;
- Direct or indirect, relationally aggressive behaviour such as social isolation, rumor spreading, or damaging someone's reputation;
- When circumstances permit, any of the above conduct which occurs off school grounds when such creates, or can reasonably be expected to create, a substantial disruption in the social setting and/or at school-sponsored activities and events.

In addition to the conduct described above, examples of conduct that may constitute bullying or violence include the following:

- Blocking access to school property of facilities;
- Stealing or hiding or otherwise defacing books, backpacks or other personal possessions;
- Repeated or pervasive taunting, name-calling, belittling, mocking putdowns, or demeaning humor relating to a student's race, color, gender, sexual orientation, ancestry, religion, disability, or other personal characteristics, whether or not the student actually possesses them, that could reasonably be expected to result in the disruption of school activities or that results in a hostile educational environment for the student.

Conduct that would **not** ordinarily be considered bullying or violence includes:

- Teasing
- "Talking trash"
- Trading of insults









• The expression of ideas or beliefs that are protected by the *Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms*, so long as such expression is not lewd, profane, or intended to intimidate or harass another.

STAFF PROTOCOL

Any staff members who witness an act of bullying or violence must intervene immediately or as quickly as reasonable possible to address the issue.

- 1. The immediate safety and security of all parties must be ensured.
- 2. All incidents of bullying/violence must be reported to the principal, in a timely fashion.
- 3. A bullying/violence incident must be documented.
- 4. The school principal or their designate must investigate all reports in a timely fashion, preferably within 24 hours (when possible) of receiving initial report.
- 5. The staff person responsible for investigating the report about the behaviour should:
 - a) Interview student(s) exhibiting bullying behaviour and the target/victim(s) separately to avoid further victimization of the target.
 - b) Engage the target/victim first and focus on his/her safety.
 - c) Reassure them that the bullying behaviour will not be tolerated and that all possible steps will be taken to prevent a reoccurrence.
 - d) Offer the victim counselling (if needed).
 - e) Inform parents of the incident and subsequent intervention. (Details of the intervention or disciplinary actions are not to be shared in order to protect confidentiality).

STUDENT RESPONSE PROTOCOL

Any student who witnesses an act of bullying or violence has an obligation, as a responsible member of the school community, to intervene if the situation does not threaten their well-being, or to report the incident to school authorities.

The following are the means through which a student may do so:

- Inform a staff member on duty.
- Inform administration.
- Mention it to a teacher or staff member they trust.
- Tell parent/guardian.









PARENT / GUARDIAN RESPONSE PROTOCOL

- Report the incident to a school administrator or classroom teacher.
- Maintain open communication with the school team.

*At the discretion of the principal or his/her delegate, police intervention may be requested.

Element 6

MEASURES TO ENSURE AND PROTECT CONFIDENTIALITY OF ANY REPORT OR COMPLAINT CONCERNING AN ACT OF BULLYING OR **VIOLENCE**

Measures to protect the confidentiality of any report or complaint disclosure concerning an act of bullying or violence shall include:

- 1. Staff is reminded that every incident and the ensuing follow-up must be kept confidential. This is done at least once each year.
- 2. Incidents of bullying and/or violence are recorded on a digital database that has restricted access.
- 3. Use of intervention strategies that protect the anonymity of persons who report or provide information.
- 4. Information related to individual students must be treated confidentially. This includes the nature of the consequences for the offending party.

According to the Youth Protection Act (RLRQ, Chapter P-34.1, hereinafter "YPA"), a breach of professional secrecy is justified when an individual contacts the Director of Youth Protection (DPJ) to make a report. It should be noted that the obligation to report all cases of sexual abuse committed against children and adolescents to the DPJ applies even to individuals bound by professional secrecy, with exceptions (YPA, art. 41).





SUPERVISORY AND SUPPORT MEASURES (for the victim, bully, witness & bystander)

It is the responsibility of every adult staff member to use difficult / challenging situations opportunities to help students improve their social and emotional skills, accept personal responsibility for their learning environment, and understand consequences for poor choices and behaviours.

A clear distinction exists between *remediation* and *consequences*.

- a) Remediation, intended to counter or "remedy" a behavioural mistake, can be an effective prevention practice. Remediation measures are intended to correct the problem behaviour, prevent a reoccurrence, protect and provide support for the victim and take corrective action for documented systemic problems related to bullying and violence. Remediation measures allow the student an opportunity to reflect on behaviours, learn pro-social skills and make amends to those affected. Working with recovery plans and restorative justice practices are categorized as remediation.
- b) Consequences communicate to a perpetrator that their behavior is their choice and their responsibility. A consequence respects the child's right to make a decision, even if it's not a good one. It's a matter-of-fact learning experience in which you maintain a better relationship with the child as you hold them accountable. Consequences are almost always enacted in conjunction with remediation measures and restorative practices. Measures should be applied on a case-by-case basis and take into consideration a number of factors including:

Student Considerations:

- Age and developmental maturity of the students involved;
- Nature, frequency and severity of the behaviours;
- Relationships of the parties involved;
- Context in which the alleged incidents occurred;
- Patterns of past or continuing behaviours;
- Other circumstances that may play a role.

School Considerations:

- School culture, climate and general staff management of the learning environment;
- Social, emotional and behavioural supports;
- Student-staff relationships and staff behaviour toward the student;
- Family, community and neighborhood situation;
- Alignment with policies and procedures.







Examples of remedial measures and consequences may include, but are not limited to, the examples listed below:

Remediation Measures for Victims

- Meet with staff member to:
 - Create a safe environment to allow victim to explore feelings about incident. Maintain open lines of communication.
 - o Develop a plan to ensure student's emotional and physical safety at school.
 - o Ensure student does not feel responsible for the behaviour.
 - Ask student to report any and all future related incidents.
 - Offer support to help develop skills for overcoming the negative impact on self-esteem.
- Check-ins with the student to ensure the bullying or violence has stopped and to provide support to the student. The degree of support offered at these meetings and their frequency shall depend upon the feedback from the victim regarding the current circumstances.
- In all cases, it will be determined which members of the school staff must be made aware of the incident to ensure that the student is safe.
- Parents will be informed immediately following the incident with updates as the situation is resolved.

-	Other:	
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Remediation Measures for Student Exhibiting Bullying Behaviour

- Develop an intervention plan with the student. Ensure the student has a voice in the outcome and can identify ways they can solve the problem and change behaviours.
- Meet with parent(s)/guardian(s) to develop a plan to ensure all understand school rules and expectations, as well as the long-term negative consequences of bullying or violence, on all involved, and to clearly outline the consequences if the behaviour continues.
- Meet with school staff:
 - o Participate in dialogue what is happening and why?
 - o Offer additional social skills training such as impulse control, anger management, developing empathy and problem solving.
 - o Arrange for apology written is recommended.
 - Arrange for restitution particularly if any personal items were damaged or stolen.
 - o Determine restorative practices (age appropriate).

•	Other:			









Remediation Measures for Witnesses

- Following the incident, an intervention may be held with any witnesses to determine their role in the incident. If the incident witnessed is severe, witnesses are met, in a group or individually, to debrief the event, discuss their role and to determine more appropriate actions in the future.
- The school reserves the right to contact the parents/guardians of bystanders.
- As with victims, witnesses to acts of bullying or violence should have a reasonable expectation of feedback from intervening adult figures in a timely manner so as to guarantee a sense of safety and security in the school.

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Remediation Measures for Student Bystanders

- Review Student Response Protocol.
- Explore reasons why they did not intervene or report the incident.
- Offer of coaching on how to safely intervene or help the situation.
- Other:



SPECIFIC DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS Element 8

Based on the severity and / or frequency of incidents and at the discretion of the administration as well as in collaboration with the School Board when applicable. The following disciplinary and / or corrective actions may include, but are not limited to:

- Parent/Guardian notification
- Admonishment/conference with student (verbal warning)
- Reflection activity or action
- Recovery plan ~ Restorative measures or practices
- Written warning and deprivation of privilege(s)/service(s)
- Restitution
- Mediation or conflict resolution (when deemed appropriate)
- Probation and letter of expectations
- Detention/ Reflection
- In-school suspension
- Out-of-school suspension
- Referral to alternative to suspension program for schools offering such a program
- Referral to counsellor, external social/medical agencies, for support
- Legal action/report to law enforcement, if required
- Signaling of Youth Protection DPJ
- Discipline Committee Hearing at the school board (expusion, transfer, return)
- Other:



FOLLOW-UP PROTOCOL ON ANY REPORT OR COMPLAINT

The principal or their designate will ensure that each incident was properly followed up on and documented. Follow-up measures will include the following:

- Verification that the incident has been properly documented.
- Verification that all parties immediately involved have been met with and that intervention protocols have been followed.
- Verification that parents/guardians of the victims and perpetrators have been contacted.
- Meeting with the victim and perpetrator to assess their well-being, and that the bullying/violence has ceased.
- Verification of the completion of all remedial measures for all parties concerned.
- Referral of parents to complaints procedure, should the parents/guardians express dissatisfaction with the course of action from the school administration.
- For each complaint received concerning bullying or violence and each report received relating to an act of sexual violence, the principal shall send the director general of the school board a summary report on the nature of the incident and the follow-up measures taken. The summary report concerning an act of sexual violence shall also be sent to the regional student ombudsman.





SEXUAL VIOLENCE

Training activities for management and other personnel include the following:
Training to be provided by the MEQ
SAFETY MEASURES TO STOP SEXUAL VIOLENCE
To address the area(s) of concern, the following measures aimed at putting an end to all forms of sexual violence include:

1 -	General school climate and SEL practices
2 -	Entente with Marie-Vincent
3 -	CCQ / Sexuality of Education Curriculum and support from Ped Consultant holding the dossier
4 -	

COMPLAINT PROCEDURES:

5-

It is possible to make a report or file a complaint concerning an act of sexual violence to or with the regional student ombudsman and, for a person who is dissatisfied with the follow-up on a complaint filed with the institution, to use the complaint processing procedure provided for in the Act respecting the National Student Ombudsman.

Entente Multi (legal will provide information)

In the case of a complaint concerning an act of sexual violence, the principal shall also inform the student who is the victim that it is possible to refer the complaint to the Commission des services juridiques. If the student is under 14 years of age, the principal also informs their parents/guardians of that option, and if the student is 14 years of age or over, the principal may also inform their parents/guardians of that option, with the student's consent.



EXTRACURRICULAR SERVICES OR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SPECIAL SCHOOL PROJECT - PREVENTION MEASURES TO PREVENT AND STOP ANY FORM OF BULLYING OR VIOLENCE DURING THE PROVISION OF AND, WHERE APPLICABLE

215. Any agreement between a school service centre and a body or person as part of providing extracurricular services or carrying out a special school project for the provision of services other than educational services must be made in writing. The agreement must provide for measures to prevent and stop any form of bullying or violence during the provision of extracurricular services or implementation of the special school project and, where applicable, require that persons who would be required to work with minor students and persons regularly in contact with minor students inform the principal of the school attended by the students directly involved of any act of bullying or violence that they observe. The agreement must also require that, in collaboration with the educational institution, persons who would be required to work with minor students and persons regularly in contact with minor students complete proper anti-bullying and anti-violence training as soon as possible.

Preventative measures could include:

1 -	Anti-bullying and anti-violence training
2 -	Guidelines on reporting any incidents of bullying or violence will be reviewed
3 -	Service agreement



END OF YEAR REVIEW

"83.1. Each year, the governing board shall evaluate the results achieved by the school with respect to preventing and dealing with bullying and violence. A document reporting on the evaluation must be distributed to the parents/guardians, the school staff and the Regional Student Ombudsman in charge of accountability assigned to the region in which the school is located."

To ensure the integrity of the Plan, the administration will conduct a yearly evaluation that reviews:

- The Data results.
- Review and analysis of GPI/ ISM (digital reporting platform) entries related to bullying and / or violence to assess decrease or increase in incidents of bullying and/or violence.
- The initiatives put in place for the year and assessment of effectiveness of the actions.

The National Student Ombudsman will receive a copy of the anti-bullying and anti-violence plan and any updated version



